

The Hongkong Telegraph.

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WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1906.

三拜圖 聖三月正英華香

330 PER ANNUM.
SINGLE COPY, 10 CENTS.

Banks.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$10,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....\$10,000,000
Sterling Reserve.....\$10,000,000
Silver Reserve.....\$10,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS \$10,000,000

COUNCIL OF DIRECTORS:
H. A. W. SLADE, Esq., Chairman.
A. HAUPT, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Hon. C. W. Dickson, F. Salinger, Esq.
E. Goetz, Esq.
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G. H. Medhurst, Esq.
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CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong—J. R. M. SMITH,
MANAGER:
Shanghai—H. E. R. HUNTER.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON AND COUNTY
BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent
per annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 3 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, 4 per cent. per annum.

J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager,
Hongkong, 16th November, 1905.

[ai]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted
by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be
obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3 1/2 per
cent. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option
balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND
SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED
DEPOSIT at 4 per cent. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION,

J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1902.

[22]

DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE BANK.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI
BOARD OF DIRECTORS: BERLIN.

BRANCHES:

Berlin Calcutta Hankow Peking
Tientsin Tsingtau Tsingtao Yokohama

FOUNDED BY THE FOLLOWING BANKS AND
BANKERS:

Koenigliche Seehandlung (Preussische
Staatsbank)

Direction des Disconto-Gesellschaft

Deutsche Bank

S. Bleichröder

Berliner Handels-Gesellschaft

Bank für Handel und Industrie

Robert Warthafer & Co.

Mendelssohn & Co.

M. von Rothschild & Sohne Frankfurt

Jacob S. H. Stern

Norddeutsche Bank in Hamburg, Hamburg

Sal. Oppenheim Jr. & Co., Koehl.

Bayerische Hypotheken und Wechselbank,
München.

LONDON BANKERS:

Messrs. N. M. ROTHSCHILD & SONS.

THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK,
LIMITED.

DEUTSCHE BANK (BERLIN), LONDON AGENCY.

DIRECTION DER DISCONTO GESELLSCHAFT.

INTEREST allowed on Current Account.

DEPOSITS received on terms which may be
learned on application. Every description of
Banking and Exchange business transacted.

HUGO SUTER,
Sub-Manager.

Hongkong, 9th September, 1905.

[24]

Intimations.

JAPAN

COALS.

THE MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA (MITSUI & Co.)

HEAD OFFICE—1, SURUGA-CHO, TOKYO.
LONDON BRANCH—34, LIME STREET, E.C.
HONGKONG BRANCH—PRINCE'S BUILDINGS, ICE HOUSE STREET.

OTHER OFFICES:
New York, San Francisco, Hamburg, Bombay, Singapore, Sourabaya, Manila, Amoy, Shanghai, Chefoo, Tientsin, Newchwang, Port Arthur, Seoul, Chemulpo, Yokohama, Yokosuka, Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Mactan, Kure, Shimonesaki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Karatsu, Nagasaki, Kushimoto, Saiko, Milne, Hakodate, Taipeh, etc.

Telegraphic Address: "MITSUI" (A.B.C. and A Codes).

CONTRACTORS OF COAL to the Imperial Japanese Navy and Armies and the State Railways; Principal Railway Companies and Industrial Works; Home and Foreign Mail and Freight Steamers.

SOLE PROPRIETORS of the Famous Miike, Tagawa, Yamano and Ida Coal Mines; and
SOLE AGENTS for Fujinotana, Hakoko, Hondo, Ichimura, Kanada, Mameda, Mannoura,
Onoura, Oisugi, Sasahara, Tsubakuro, Yoshinotani, Yoshi, Yunokibara and other Coals.

55 S. MINAMI, Mahaser, Hongkong.

WHEN YOU SEND YOUR "BOY" FOR

Fresh Australian Butter

See that he gets the "Princess" brand, the best made in Australia.

The wrapper of every pat bears our name and address.

THE MUTUAL STORES,
GENERAL STOREKEEPERS.

HONGKONG AND CANTON.

Hongkong, 20th September, 1905.

D. NOMA, TATTOOER,
60 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

THE Public are informed that my Parlours are open from 9 A.M. all day. My 32 years' experience in TATTOOING is a guarantee of good work and prompt execution. My Colours are absolutely fast and perfectly harmless, and produce a charming effect not attained by any other, as their composition is only known to me. H. R. H. The Duke of York, and H. I. H. The Emperor of Russia, both honoured me with their patronage, besides many others of High Rank. Prices Moderate and satisfaction guaranteed. Attested by 3,700 Recommendations which I have received from all sources.

Hongkong, 16th November, 1905.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

PORT	STEAMERS	TO SAIL ON	REMARKS
YOKOHAMA AND SHANGHAI,	SUMATRA	About 7th January	Freight and Mojii and Kobo
SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT SAID and MELBOURNE	PALMA	About 7th January	Freight only.
OSAKA	G. W. COCKMAN, R.M.R.	13th January	
NEW YORK	ARCADIA	About 13th January	Freight and A. G. CUBITT, R.M.R.
LONDON	DELTA	13th January	See Special C. L. DAVIS
PARIS		Noon	Advertisement.
SMITHS BANK, LTD.			
THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITHS BANK, LTD.			
HONGKONG BRANCH—INTEREST ALLOWED On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.			
On fixed deposits for 12 months, 4 per cent.			
6 " 6 " 4 " 4 "			
3 " 3 " 3 " 3 "			
TAKEO TAKAMICHI, Manager.			
Hongkong, 25th September, 1905.			

For Further Particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.

Hongkong, 30th December, 1905.

Intimations.

When nature
flags,

and health fails,
try

BOVIL

THE COSMOPOLITAN.

A MONTHLY ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"....everyone is bound to appreciate the departure from the stereotyped canons of wit and wisdom, but it is the ideal of a Far Eastern magazine, for it will sober the over-spirited or brighten the gloomy, just as the spirit moves the reader.... Taken altogether THE COSMOPOLITAN is brightly written, up-to-date, and entirely interesting....—*Hongkong Telegraph*, 29th September, 1905.

"....The praise which we gave to the first number of THE COSMOPOLITAN may honestly be repeated in reference to the second number.... There is something very attractive in the unity which pervades the magazine through its being a, one man affair, and that one man being such an acute student of passing events and wielding such a vigorous pen."—*N.C. Daily News*, 30th October, 1905.

"....The many articles are well and brightly written.... there should be little doubt of success....—*Shanghai Times*, 20th September, 1905.

"....Though the language of the staff is not English, the English of THE COSMOPOLITAN, idiomatically and grammatically, is irreproachable."—*China Gazette*, 22nd September, 1905.

"....It is a very promising publication. The pictures are excellent.... one wonders how it is to be produced month after month."—*Japan Daily Mail*, 13th October, 1905.

"....Among these are 'The Art of Eating,' a witty and observant discourse on modern table manners.... it is

In a few months the magazine will be written for subscribers only, and you will not be able to buy single copies.

The Christmas number will contain about 150 pages with nearly 100 illustrations and will cost \$1.00 to non-subscribers whereas subscribers will get it at the usual price of \$1.00.

SUBSCRIPTION—\$6.00 for six months plus 50 cents postage. Subscribers joining now may still get back-numbers from September, but as we have only 81 copies left for September and 52 for October it will be necessary to apply at once to:

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

35, SZECHEUN ROAD, SHANGHAI.

Please note my name as a subscriber to the COSMOPOLITAN for 6 months beginning from.....

Enclosed please find \$6.50.

Name of Subscriber.....

Address.....

Hongkong, 12th December, 1905.

* 1233-B

MINIMAX

HAND

FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

MINIMAX SYNDICATE, LIMITED,
LONDON, NEW YORK, BERLIN, HAMBURG, PARIS, VIENNA, MILAN, COPENHAGEN,
ANTWERP, &c.

F. BLACKHEAD & CO.

LOCAL AGENTS.

The most effective of all Hand Fire Extinguishing Apparatus.
NO PUMPS. NO HOSE. AUTOMATIC.

Extinguishes all kinds of fires, even oil, benzine, kerosene, tar, etc. Guaranteed to remain in working order for any length of time.

SIMPLEST HANDLING.

Drive in the Knob and the apparatus is in action immediately, sending Spray nearly 10 feet.

IMPORTANT POINTS FOR CONSIDERATION.

Is Self-acting. Driven by all kinds of heat. Can be used by anyone, even lady or child. Minimum of Price, Weight and Size.

Hongkong, 10th May, 1905.

Hotel.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

Military Band during dinner on Saturday Nights.

H. HAYWARD

MANAGER

HONGKONG, 20th December, 1905.

Shipping—Steamers.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO AND WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

S.S. "HONAM,"	2,305 tons	Captain H. D. Jones.
"POWAN,"	2,338 "	G. F. Morrison, R.M.R.
"FATSHAN,"	2,260 "	R. D. Thomas.
"HANKOW,"	3,073 "	G. V. Lloyd.
"KINSHAN,"	1,995 "	J. J. Lossius.

Departures from HONGKONG to CANTON daily at 8.30 A.M. (Sunday excepted), 9 P.M. and 10.30 P.M. (Saturday excepted).

Departures from CANTON to HONGKONG daily at 8.30 A.M., 3 P.M. and 6 P.M. (Sunday excepted).

These Steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the River. Special attention is drawn to their Superior Saloon and Cabin accommodation.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "HEUNGSHAN,"	1,998 tons	Captain W. E. Clarke.
Departures from Hongkong to Macao on week days at 2 P.M. Departures on Sundays at Noon.		
Departures from Macao to Hongkong daily at 8 A.M.		

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "LUNGSHAN,"	219 tons	Captain T. Hamlin.
This steamer leaves Canton for Macao every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at about 8 A.M. and leaves Macao for Canton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 7.30 A.M.		

JOINT SERVICE OF THE H.K. C. AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. "SAINAM,"	388 tons	Captain W. A. Valentine.
"NANNING,"	569 "	C. Butchart.

One of the above steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 8 A.M. calling at Yunki, Mahning, Künchuk, Kau-Kong, Samshui, Howlik, Shiu-Hing, Luk-Po, Luk-To, Lo-Ting-Hau, Tak-Hing, Doshing and Fong-Chuen. Departures from Wuchow for Canton calling at the above ports every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 8.30 A.M.

Fares: Canton to Wuchow Single \$15.00. Return \$25.00.

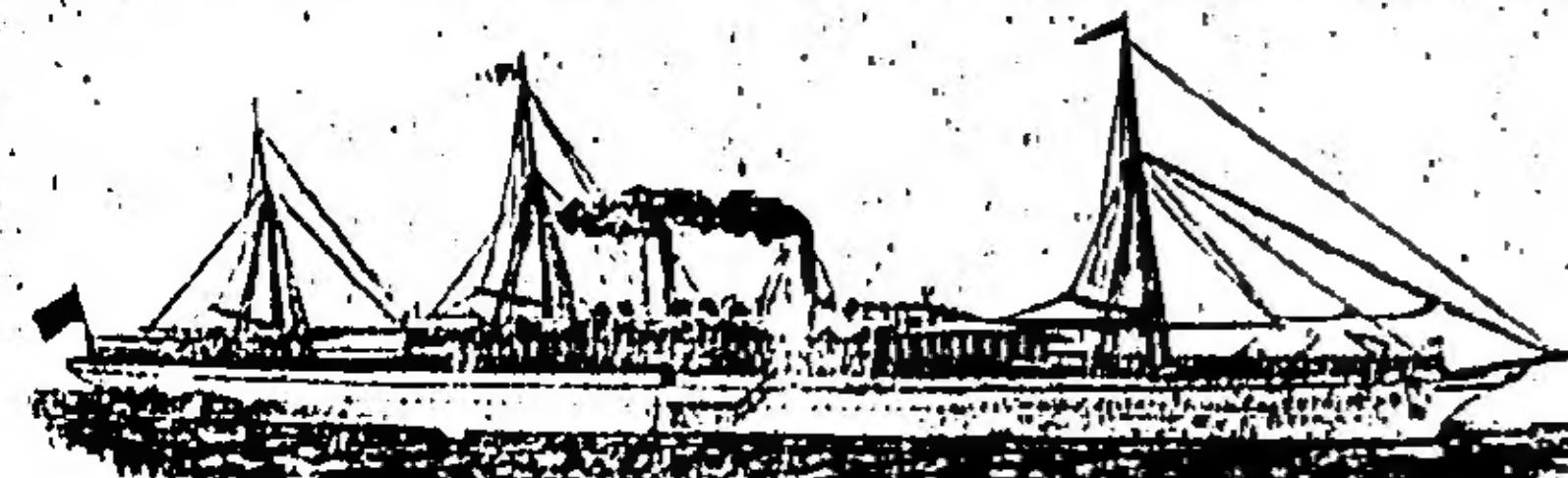
Canton to Tak Hing Single \$12.50. Return \$21.00.

Canton to Samshui Single \$7.50.

The above vessels have superior Saloon and Cabin accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity. Meals charged extra.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., Hotel Mansions, (First Floor) opposite the Hongkong Hotel, or of BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD., Hongkong, 8th September, 1905.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COY'S ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.



Luxury—Speed—Punctuality.

The only Line that Maintains a Regular Schedule Service of 12 Days across the Pacific is the "Empress Line," Saving 3 to 7 Days Ocean Trial.

12 Days YOKOHAMA to VANCOUVER. 31 Days HONGKONG to VANCOUVER.

PROPOSED SAILINGS. (Subject to Alteration.)

R.M.S.	Tons	LEAVE HONGKONG	ARRIVE VANCOUVER
"EMPEROR OF CHINA,"	6,000	WEDNESDAY, Jan. 10	Jan. 31
"ATHENIAN,"	2,140	WEDNESDAY, Jan. 24	Feb. 17
"EMPEROR OF INDIA,"	6,000	WEDNESDAY, Feb. 7	Feb. 28
"TARTAR,"	4,425	WEDNESDAY, Feb. 21	Mar. 17
"EMPEROR OF JAPAN,"	6,000	WEDNESDAY, Mar. 7	Mar. 28

THE Quickest route to CANADA, UNITED STATES and EUROPE, calling at SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, (through the INLAND SEA of JAPAN), KORE, YOKOHAMA, VICTORIA, connecting at VANCOUVER with the COMPANY'S PALATIAL OVER-LAND TRAINS FROM THE PACIFIC TO THE ATLANTIC WITHOUT CHANGE.

Hongkong to London, 1st Class.....via St. Lawrence £60. via New York £62.

Hongkong to London, Intermediate on Steamers, and 1st Class Rail.

R.M.S. "TARTAR" and "ATHENIAN" carry "Intermediate" Passengers only at Intermediate rates, affording superior accommodation for that class.

Passengers Booked through to all principal points and AROUND THE WORLD.

SPECIAL RATES (First class only) granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the Service of China and Japan Governments.

For further information, Maps, Routes, Hand Books, Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to D. E. BROWN, General Agent, Hongkong, 13th December, 1905. Corner Pedder Street and Praya, opposite Blake Pier. [13]

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

ORTASIATISCHER DIENST.

(Taking Cargo at through Rates to ANTWERPEN, AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, COPENHAGEN, LISBON, OPORTO, LONDON, LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, TRIESTE, GENOA, PORTS IN THE LEVANTINE; BLACK SEA AND BALTIc PORTS; NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS).

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG. SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

STEAMERS. DESTINATIONS. SAILING DATES.

AMBRIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	17th Jan.	Freight.
Wünneberg	(Calling at S'PORE, PENANG & COLOMBO).	17th Jan.	Freight.
BRISGAVIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	24th Jan.	Freight.
Russ.	(Calling at S'PORE, PENANG & COLOMBO).	24th Jan.	Freight.
RHENANIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	10th Feb.	Freight and Passengers.
Förck	(Calling at S'PORE, PENANG & COLOMBO).	10th Feb.	Passengers.
SPEZIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	21st Feb.	Freight.
Ponelius	(Calling at S'PORE, PENANG & COLOMBO).	21st Feb.	Freight.
SAMBIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	12th March	Freight.
Ebels	(Calling at S'PORE, PENANG & COLOMBO).	12th March	Freight.
ANDALUSIA	FOR ODESSA (DIRECT).	About	Freight.
Filler	(Calling at SINGAPORE and COLOMBO).	12th Jan.	Freight.

Special attention of intending Passengers is drawn to the splendid accommodation of this steamer. Saloon and cabin amidships. Lighted throughout by Electricity.

Duly qualified Doctors are carried.

For further particulars, apply to

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE, HONGKONG OFFICE, King's Buildings.

Hongkong, 3rd January, 1906.

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN, PLUNKET'S GAP, the PEAK, near the TRAIN TERMINUS, Tel. 56.

For Terms, &c., apply to the MANAGER.

Hongkong, 2nd July, 1906.

MAILS.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.

WORLDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

EUROPEAN LINE.

STEAM FOR

SINGAPORE, PEMANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUZE, PORT SAID, NAPLES, GENOA,

ANTWERP, BREMEN, HAMBURG; PORTS IN THE LEVANTINE; BLACK SEA AND BALTIc PORTS;

ALSO LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON,

AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS; STEAMERS WILL CALL AT GIBRALTAR AND SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND PASSENGERS AND LUGGAGE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

STEAMERS.

SAILING DATES.

GNEISENAU	WEDNESDAY, 17th January.
ROON	WEDNESDAY, 31st January.
PREUSSEN	WEDNESDAY, 14th February.
ZIEREN	WEDNESDAY, 28th February.
PRINZESS ALICE	WEDNESDAY, 14th March.
BAUERN	WEDNESDAY, 26th March.
PRINZ REGENT LUITPOLD	WEDNESDAY, 11th April.
PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH	WEDNESDAY, 25th April.
SACHSEN	WEDNESDAY, 9th May.
PRINZ HEINRICH	WEDNESDAY, 23rd May.
ROON	WEDNESDAY, 6th June.
ZIETEN	WEDNESDAY, 20th June.
OLDENBURG	WEDNESDAY, 4th July.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of January, 1906, at Noon, the Steamship *GNEISENAU*, Capt. Bolte, with MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE and CARGO, will leave this Port as above, calling at NAPLES and GENOA.

Shipping Orders will be granted till NOON, on MONDAY, the 15th instant, Cargo and Specie will be received on Board until 5 P.M., on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, and Parcels will be received at the Agency's Office until NOON, on TUESDAY, the 16th instant.

Contents of Packages are required. No Parcel Receipts will be signed for less than \$1.50 and Parcels should not exceed Two Cubic Feet in Measurement.

The Steamer has splendid Accommodation and carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

Linen can be washed on board.

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Linen can be washed on board.

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Linen can be washed on board.

The Steamer has splendid Accommodation and carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

Linen can be washed on board.

Intimation.

POWELL'S
GENTLEMEN'S
DEPARTMENT,
28, Queen's Road,
(OPPOSITE THE CLOCK TOWER.)

SMART
WOOLLEN
DRESSING
COWNS
and
SMOKING
JACKETS,
from \$11 to \$50 each.

SOLF-LEATHER,
LINED LAMB'S
WOOL,
HOUSE BOOTS,
Very comfortable and warm.

CARDIGAN
WAISTCOATS,
Exclusive Designs.

SMART
GOLF & MOTOR
CAPS,
Newest Shapes.

TWEED
SHOOTING
HATS.

BLACK & GREY
BOWLER HATS,
"The very Latest."

MEDIUM AND
LIGHT-WEIGHT
FLANNEL
SHIRTS.

PATENT
BOOTS & SHOES,
Three Smart Shapes.

HALF-HOSE,
GOLF HOSE, RUGS,
SUIT CASES
STICKS,
OVERCOATS,
WATERPROOFS,
&c., &c., &c.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Wm. POWELL, Ltd.,
28, Queen's Road,
HONGKONG,
Hongkong, 23rd December, 1905.

Intimations.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL
WE have this day REMOVED our Office
to KING'S BUILDINGS, (3rd Floor,
West Side).
MACDONALD & CO.
Hongkong, 2nd January, 1906.

COLD STORAGE.
THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY
LTD., have now 4000 cubic feet of
COLD STORAGE available at EAST POINT.
Stores will be open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M.
daily, Sunday excepted, to receive and deliver
perishable goods.

WM. PARLANE,
Manager.
Hongkong, 22nd June, 1905.

A. CHAZALON
& CO.

6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

NOTED for their WINES, SPIRITS
and PROVISIONS of which they have
always a large assortment in stock.

The oldest established EUROPEAN
BAKERS in the Colony.

Hongkong, 30th September, 1905.

Insurance.

NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSUR-
ANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned AGENTS of the above
Company are prepared to accept First
Class FOREIGN and CHINESE RISKS at
CURRENT RATES.

SIEMSSEN & Co.
Hongkong 28th May, 1895.

To Let.

NO. 15, KNUTSFORD TERRACE,
KOWLOON.

Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 30th December, 1905.

To Let.

GODOWN NO. 3, NEW PRAVA, Kennedy
Town.

Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 27th June, 1905.

To Let.

A BUILDING AT CAUSEWAY BAY, formerly
in occupation of the Steam Laundry
Co., Ltd.
No. 17, WONG-NEI-CHONG ROAD,
No. 5, CLIFTON GARDENS, Conduit
Road.

No. 1, RIFON TERRACE,
FLATS IN MORETON TERRACE, facing
Polo Ground.

OFFICES in course of erection, CON-
NAUGHT ROAD (near BLACK PIER).

GODOWNS: PRAVA EAST.

Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 2nd December, 1905.

Hotels.

KING EDWARD
HOTEL.

A HIGH CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL.

LADIES' AFTERNOON TEA-ROOMS.
PRIVATE BAR and BILLIARD-ROOMS.
HOT and COLD WATER throughout.

ELECTRICALLY LIGHTED. ELECTRIC FANS
(if required).
ELECTRIC PASSENGER ELEVATOR to each
floor.

TABLE D'HÔTE at separate tables.

For Terms, &c., apply to the—
MANAGER.

Hongkong, 4th December, 1905.

OCCIDENTAL
HOTEL.

EXCELLENT CUISINE.

MODERATE PRICES.

ELECTRIC FANS
TO ORDER IN
EVERY ROOM.

EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

ELGIN ROAD, KOWLOON.
Hongkong, 10th May, 1904.

ORIENTAL HOTEL,
MACAO.

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL situated in the
Centre of Praia Grande with splendid
view of the Harbour.

LARGE AND LOFTY ROOMS,
Elegantly Furnished.

EXCELLENT CUISINE.

WINES and SPIRITS of the best quality.
BILLIARD TABLE, the best in the Far East.

EVERY COMFORT FOR RESIDENTS AND
TOURISTS.

For Terms, &c., apply to—
THE MANAGER.

Macao, 10th October, 1905.

NAVAL LIFE IN THE UNITED
STATES.

A FATAL BOXING CONTEST.
HAZING AND THE MIDSHIPMAN'S SCHOOL
CODE.

A very great deal is being written in the
American Press on the results of a recent box-
ing contest between midshipmen of the U. S.
Navy and the revelations of midshipman life
that have ensued in consequence. On the 5th
November last, a Sunday evening, a pre-arranged
"first fight" took place between Midshipman
Meriwether and Branch of the Annapolis
Naval Academy. Midshipman Branch died as
a result of the encounter, and on the 2nd Nov.
Meriwether was duly tried by court-martial.
Facts of a remarkable character were brought
to light at the trial. Witnesses, including
Branch's room-mate, the referee, and time-
keeper of the contest and all four seconds, were
examined in a more or less degree about all
the circumstances of the fight, the existence of
a peculiar code of honour, and their ideas of
their duty under the regulations.

Midshipman A. W. Fitch, who refereed the
fight, stated that he had officiated in nineteen
such contests, and Midshipman McKittrick
testified that he had taken part in nine. De-
tailed accounts were given of arrangements by
which midshipmen on duty, acquiesced in
absences without leave and other derelictions
in order that the fight might go on, and the
testimony also showed that, although frequently
severe injuries resulted from these fights and
the recipients often had to be taken to the
hospital, nothing further was ever heard of them.
This the defence brought out on cross
examination, it being evidently intended to
show that the authorities also winked at the
code and the prearranged fights under it.

Interesting sidelights to hazing or "running,"
as it is called at the Academy, developed from
the testimony of one of the midshipmen.
Meriwether had been generally disliked, and
he was too "fatty," that is, it was
explained, that he did not abide by the rules
laid down for the government of the lower
classmen. Some of these were that he should
never enter "Lover's Lane," an Academy walk;
that he should turn all corners at right angles,
should not look at an upper classman, and should
answer most respectfully when addressed by one
of them; that he must never touch the table nor
ask for anything during a meal, and, under no
circumstances, "fuss"—that is, be in the
society of young women. These rules and many
others are contained in that part of the "code"
relating to the government of under classmen.
Branch had been one of the midshipmen who,
according to the testimony, of midshipmen who,
made life "not worth living" for Meriwether,
because he would not abide by these rules, and from
that the enmity arose.

Dr. Robert E. Hoyt, head of the department
of physical culture at the Academy, furnished
interesting data on the comparative size and strength of Meriwether and Branch,
taken from the actual measurements of the
Academy. While it is a fact that Meriwether
was slightly older, heavier and taller Branch
was larger of chest and arm, and his total
percentage of strength was about a fifth greater
than Meriwether's.

The gloves used by the men were punching
bag gloves, which are used as a protection for
the hands when punching the bag, and have
almost no padding.

Midshipman Harold McKittrick, who acted
as second for Branch during the fight, told of
their engagement and the insistence of both
boys that the fight should be to a finish. The
fight itself, he testified, lasted over twenty-two
rounds of two minutes each, with one minute
intermission. Early in the fight one of Branch's
eyes was closed, but he was holding his own.
At the end of the twentieth round Meriwether
fainted by hitting in a clinch, and offered to
forfeit the fight. This Branch and his seconds
would not allow, insisting on a finish. This is
regarded as a strong point for Meriwether,
showing that he wished the fight to stop.

Another time Branch was on his knees and
under the rules could have been hit, but
Meriwether would not hit him. Both of these
were points in Meriwether's favour. On cross-
examination an effort was made to show by the
witness that fights generally had the effect of
ending the ill-feeling between the fighters.
The witness said that it was always the custom
to have a general handshaking at the
close of the fight and that this was done
in this case. Meriwether, he said, begged the
pardon of Branch for the insulting language
he had used, and the apology was accepted.

In the course of the medical evidence, Surgeon
Stone of the Naval Academy said in his
testimony that Branch when he came under
his care at the hospital was absolutely
unconscious. The left side of his head, the left
temple, his forearms, right eye and lips were
much swollen and discoloured, and both eyes
were closed. When the eyelids were opened
with the hand the eyes rolled and generally
set towards the left. The left arm and leg
were paralysed and there was a convulsive
movement in the right arm and leg. There
was slight fever, but the pulse was normal. Dr.
Stone said he was confident that the condition
had been brought about by external injuries to
the head, such as might have been caused by
blows of the fist.

One of the most remarkable incidents in
connection with this case was the telegram
received by Meriwether from an aged female
relative congratulating him for upholding the
reputation of his fighting ancestors, who figured
in the Revolution.

NOTICE.
THE Public are hereby informed that no
change has been made in the Rates of
Subscription to the Hongkong Telegraph and
they are warned against paying more than
TEN CENTS (10cts.) per Single Copy.

THE MANAGER,
Hongkong Telegraph Co., Ltd.
Macao, 10th September, 1905.

Entertainment.

AN ORGAN RECITAL
will be given in

S. T. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL,
ON

FRIDAY,

January 5th, at 5.30 P.M.

By Mr. DESSMAN FULLER, F.R.C.O., L.R.A.M.

The first half of the programme will consist
of works by the old masters; the second half
will be entirely modern.

Violinist, ... Herr F. J. JOKI.

Hongkong, 29th December, 1905.

11.30

Entertainment.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

HARTMANN'S RAFTEN'S GENUINE

RED HAND

BRAND, HARTMANN'S GREY PAINT,

DAIMLER'S PATENT MOTORS,

LAUNCHES,

&c., &c.

Sole Agents for

FERGUSON'S SPECIAL CREAM

and

P. & D. SPECIAL LIQUOR SCOTCH

WHISKY, &c.

EVERY KIND OF

SHIP'S STORES AND REQUISITES

ALWAYS IN STOCK

AT

REASONABLE PRICES.

Hongkong, 7th March, 1905.

15

Auction.

(BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES).

PUBLIC AUCTION.

M. HESSRS. HUGHES AND HOUGH have

received instructions to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

ON

MONDAY,

the 15th day of January, 1906, at 3 P.M.,

at their SALES ROOMS,

THE FOLLOWING

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD

PROPERTY,

situate at Victoria, in the Colony of Hong-

kong, &c.,

All that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND,

in Victoria, aforesaid, and registered in the

Land Office at SECTION A of MARINE

LOT No. 10, containing by superficial mea-

sure 2,800 square feet and having a frontage

to Queen's Road Central of 30 feet and 6

inches or thereabouts and a depth of 80 feet.

On this Section stands the very valuable house

and premises, known as No. 35, Queen's Road

Central. All the said premises are held for

a term of 99 years granted by a Crown

Lease of "Marine Lot No. 10A" and

which Lease is dated 16th April, 1889.

For further particulars and conditions of

sale, apply to—

Intimations.



BLEND.

VERY OLD

LIQUEUR

SCOTCH

WHISKY.

Per Dozen - \$16.50

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.WINE & SPIRIT
MERCHANTS,

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

Hongkong, 28th October, 1905.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1906.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The German mail of the 6th Dec. was delivered in London on the 2nd inst.

SEVEN years ago to-day Lord Curzon was received at Calcutta as Viceroy.

CAPTAIN I. R. F. Shinkwin, Army Service Corps, is appointed a member of the C. U. S. Rifle Association.

KOWLOON CITY Range will be handed over to the 2nd Royal West Kent Regiment by the 12th Baluchis on Saturday next at 10 a.m.

No. 87, Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, will move into camp at Stonecutters from the 8th instant to the 10th February for annual regimental course.

A CHINAMAN was sent to three weeks' hard labour and six hours' stocks, by Mr. F. A. Hazelton this morning, for snatching a gold coin charm from a gentleman's watch-chain in Queen's Road Central, on the 2nd inst.

Mr. William Maxwell, the war correspondent, who is accompanying T. K. H. the Prince and Princess of Wales on their tour through India, before he left England completed his book on the Russo-Japanese war. It will be published by Messrs. Hutchinson. Mr. W. H. Mudford has undertaken to see the volume through the press.

WHEN charged with being in unlawful possession of a bundle of clothing for which he could not account, Chau Cheng tried to evade arrest, but finding he could not do that he offered a bribe to a Chinese *lukong*, who, honest man, refused to sell his conscience for cents, and in the result, when placed before the Magistrate, the accused was fined in all \$35.WE learn from the *Japan Times* that the Tokio Municipality will rebuild Nihon-bashi next year, at a cost of about half a million yen. The new bridge will be of granite, and will weigh 15,000 tons. On each side of the roadway, about the centre of the span, a cylindrical pedestal will be erected, supporting a figure of an ancient warrior on horseback.

It is reported, among those who know Sir Thomas Lipson well that he is a Benedict, having secretly married a Scotch girl in humble circumstances years ago before he dreamed of reaching his present condition of prosperity. People who knew Sir Thomas in his youth say that the facts are well known to certain people. Sir Thomas himself has nothing to say on the subject. The announcement is made that he is seeking a country seat in Ireland, either in Wicklow or Meath county.

PRIVATE Leonard Gadsby, A.S.O., was charged by Sergeant O'Sullivan, before Mr. G. A. D. Melbourne, this morning, on remand, with the theft of the sum \$164, the property of one Wong Kam, a resident of Hungsham, on the 31st ult. The sergeant proved the arrest of the defendant, on whom was found a large sum of money, on the 1st inst. Defendant has nothing to say, and His Worship sent him to one month's hard labour.

THE other morning the mail boat *Phya Nai* left Bangkok for Bangkok. There were about 100 passengers on board. Bang Hia was in sight when the boat began to make water rather badly. There was great consternation among the passengers, and it was decided to turn back. Finally the vessel was beached near Bangkok, everybody being quite safe. There were some 200 bags of sugar on board and about 70 of them were spoiled by the water.

A LONDON correspondent of an Eastern journal writes thus:—"The latest fad is to smile and be healthy, a West-End physician having advised his clients to smile as much as possible, since the action is beneficial and relieves the brain by quickening the movements of the blood through the vessels and veins, accelerates the circulation and aids digestion." We would like to know the fee charged by this physician for his valuable advice, and whether there is a School of Smile Culture yet established in London?

ON the 21st ult. the Waiwupu wired Minister Wang Tah-hsi of London that the following four items shall be asked from the British Foreign Office. 1.—Removal of the Vice-Consul Twyman. 2.—Dismissal of the Police Inspector who was the cause of the fracas. 3.—After detention of Chinese prisoners shall be in the hands of the Chinese authorities. 4.—The purely Chinese cases shall be heard by the Chinese tribunal. Minister Wang has replied that the British Foreign Office has not consented to the same yet. The negotiations are progressing and he is doing his best.

NOTICE
All communications intended for publication in "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" should be addressed to The Editor, 1, Ice House Road, and should be accompanied by the Writer's Name and Address.

Ordinary business communications should be addressed to The Manager.

The Editor will not undertake to be responsible for any rejected MS., nor to return any contribution.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES (IN ADVANCE).

DAILY—\$80 per annum.

WEEKLY—\$18 per annum.

The rates per quarter and per annum, proportional, the daily issue is delivered free when the address is accessible to messenger. On an instant by post an additional \$1.80 per quarter is charged for postage. The postage on the weekly issue is any part of the world is 30 cents per quarter.

Single Copies, Daily, ten cents; Weekly, twenty-five cents.

COMMANDER Fred. C. Coffin has been appointed to the command of the monitor *Monadnock*, with station at Canton.YESTERDAY afternoon on the Hockey Club ground a friendly match was played between teams from H.M.S. *Diadem* and H.M.S. *Sutty*. For a few minutes after the ball was put in motion a good game was played, but later the men of the flagship had the game to themselves and ultimately won by four goals to one.

WHEN asked in Manila regarding the time he spent in Hongkong the Hon. W. J. Bryan said that he had only passed a few days here and had been well received. He called on the Governor and other officials of prominence. When asked whether he had received an ovation at Hongkong he said: "They neither bid me stay nor go."

A CATTLE disease, the nature of which is not given, appears to be prevalent in the country districts and is doing great damage. It also appears that butcher of Pooyong has been offering diseased meat for sale. Twelve people have died after eating beef supplied by him and the terror-stricken butcher has accordingly gone into hiding.—*Korea Daily News*.

THE Military Governor at Mukden, Chao Erh-hsun, has asked the Throne to establish the General Lietenant of Commercial Affairs and that the investigation of mines in the province of Shengking and the toll tax as well as the military funds and salt administration be placed under the control of the General Bureau of Finance at Mukden.

In contrast with the news from London of the increasing seriousness of the unemployed problem, the following remarks of a fashionable jeweller are of interest:—"This year we have made a large number of exact models in silver of an 8-h.p. Panhard motor-car. They run freely and are intended for passing cigars and cigarettes round the table after dinner. Silver wheelbarrows to carry chocolates and quaintly-shaped dishes of hammered silver are also in great request."

A CURIOUS fact regarding diamonds is that it is not uncommon for the crystals to explode as soon as they are brought up from the mine. Sometimes they have burst in the pockets or the warm hands of miners, due to the effect of increased temperature. Large stones are more likely to do this than small ones. Valuable stones have been destroyed in this way. By way of safeguard, some dealers imbue large diamonds in a raw potato for safe transport from South Africa.

By kind permission of Lt.-Col. Aitkin and officers, the Band of the 11th Infantry will play the following programme of music, at the King Edward Hotel, during dinner, to-morrow, 4th inst. (weather permitting):—

March....."Right Left".....Sousa
Overture....."William Tell".....Rosin
Waltz....."The River of Yen".....Liddell
Selection....."The Girl from Kays".....Carly
Song....."Nord".....Adams
Gale Walk....."Jolly Negroes".....Berger
God Save the King.As this journal has on several occasions been prosecuted for unswearing and unimportant infractions of the regulations prohibiting the publication of reports concerning the movements of troops and warships and other matters, which were issued at the commencement of the war, we have satisfaction in noting that these regulations were yesterday (21st ult.) formally withdrawn. As it is now some four months since the hostilities ceased, it cannot be said that the authorities have exhibited any undue haste in this matter.—*Korea Herald*.THE latest number of *Black and White* to hand, viz., that dated the 2nd ult., contains a fine reproduction of a group-photo taken at Singapore of those participating in the recent Tanjong Pagar Arbitration. Penang's very own Adams was there, of course—in the very front row, in fact—but with his classical features almost concealed behind a huge pair of moustaches (now) unrecognisable, and the letterpress accompanying the photo, which labels him W. R. Adams, is not much help towards his identification except to those "in the know."

A CORRESPONDENT of a Japanese newspaper says that all the Chinese, from the officials to the general public, are resolved to obtain the restoration to China of all privileges and concessions as to railways, mines, etc., which have been granted to foreigners. They have been much elated at their success in obtaining the cancellation of the American concession for the Hankow railway. With the exception of Germany, all the Powers consider that such action by China would be disastrous to their interests. Germany, however, is disposed to support the wishes of the Peking authorities in order to promote German interests in China.

In Japan, where "the pipe that soothes" becomes an expensive luxury owing to the high duty on tobacco, any hint how to make a pipe last will be acceptable by smokers. An instance of what can be done in this connection was given during a novel competition for smokers recently held at Lacken, a suburb of Brussels. Each competitor was provided with a new clay pipe (*pipe en terre*) and one-eighth of an ounce of tobacco, and the task was to keep this alight as long as possible. Competitors, to the number of 200, came from all parts of Belgium, Antwerp, Li Louviers, Charleroi, and other provincial towns being represented. The first prize was won by M. Kos, who is believed to have established a record by making his pipe last for 3hr. 7min. The shortest smoke in the prize list was Mr. Sabot's 2hr. 8min. One of the competitors explained that the secret of success lay in the method of filling the pipe. The best way to do this, he said, is to pack the tobacco loosely in the lower part of the pipe, press it tightly together in the centre, and more freely at the top. Many clubs in Belgium have been training for the competition for a long time, and the object of the display was to demonstrate that more pleasure and less harm is derived from slow smoking than from putting away a pipe-load in five minutes.—*Le Soir*.

A LONDON correspondent of an Eastern journal writes thus:—"The latest fad is to smile and be healthy, a West-End physician having advised his clients to smile as much as possible, since the action is beneficial and relieves the brain by quickening the movements of the blood through the vessels and veins, accelerates the circulation and aids digestion." We would like to know the fee charged by this physician for his valuable advice, and whether there is a School of Smile Culture yet established in London?

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THE Nanfangpao says that the lease of Weihsien depends on the lease of Port Arthur, and hence the negotiations on the matter with the British Minister can begin only after the new treaty with Japan has been published.

RETURN of visitors to the City Hall Library and Museum for the week ending the 31st December, 1905 (excluding Christmas Day and Boxing Day)—Library Non-Chinese 185, Chinese 77; total 263. Museum Non-Chinese 45, Chinese 1,615; total 1,660.

In Peru, when a man wants to break into a house, he often takes a sponge and a bucket of water, and moistens the walls, which, being covered with only a thin coating of mud, are easily dissolved upon the application of moisture. Burglary seems to be an even simpler proceeding in Peru than in Hongkong.

FOR the reassurance of Chinese students who have been leaving Japan owing to their unwillingness to accept student conditions, it is now stated that the cruisers *Heihi* and *Halvyn* were not stationed at Woosung to prevent such students from returning to China, but to prevent them from going elsewhere abroad.

A NAVAL Reserve man named Alec Taylor, who is a native of Newcastle, has been appointed to the post of public hangman, rendered vacant by the death of Billington. Taylor has resided some time in the Holderness division of East Yorkshire, and until recently had been in the employment of the North-Eastern Railway Company.

THE period during which the sale of substantive official ranks in the province of Kwangtung is sanctioned by the Government being almost expired, and the provincial treasury being still in urgent need of funds, H.E. Viceroy Tsien of Canton proposes to present a special memorial to the Throne, praying for permission to continue the sale of such ranks for another twelve months.

"As will be seen from our advertisement columns, Mr. Oliver Bainbridge, F.S.A., F.R.G.S., will deliver a lecture on "Native life and customs in Southern Seas," at the St. Andrew's Hall, to-morrow evening commencing punctually at 5 p.m. His Excellency the Governor will preside. The lecture, which will be delivered under the auspices of the Hongkong "Odd Volumes," is open to the public.

THE Chinese merchants in Java recently despatched a petition by telegraph to Viceroy Tsien of Canton the contents of which we gather are as follows: It seems that because the petitioners enjoy no consular protection they very often are subjected to oppressive treatment at the hands of the Dutch on the island. They, therefore, requested the Viceroy to address the Waiwupu on their behalf to secure the appointment of a Chinese Consul at the earliest opportunity. The Waiwupu, upon the receipt of the petition, has been carefully considering the request.

THE Customs Gazette, July-September 1905, shows that the revenue collected continues to be satisfactory, the comparative amounts for the third quarter of 1904 and 1905 being in Haikuan taels:

Chinese Ports 8,610,623 19,892,271
Kowloon and Lappa 188,147 160,943
Lungkow, Mengtze 48,898 59,161
Sze-mao, and Teng-yueh 100,101
Total 8,886,668 8,209,375

IN the Hongkong Consistory No. 11, A.A.S.R. The following Ill. Companions have been elected as office-bearers for the year 1906.

Grand Commander, III. Comp. T. Spafford; II. Comp. T. Spafford; I. B. Bridger; H. B. Howell; C. Flitcock; C. F. Focken; Tang Chee; J. Smith; W. Farmer; J. W. Osborne; W. A. Allen; J. L. L. E. W. M. Evers; C. L. Leslie; E. R. Udall; G. A. Watkins; Comp. J. Vanstone.

The *Observer* confirms that the British Government do not intend to give Wei-hai-wei up. They have resolved to maintain it as a flying naval base and sanatorium for the Chinese Squadron; but the station will be fortified only in the event of a future emergency requiring that course. When Port Arthur fell no definite reply as to the Government intention could be obtained in the House of Commons, and in Wei-hai-wei the greatest anxiety was entertained as to the future. A well-known local gentleman appealed to Mr. J. H. Stewart Lockhart, the Commissioner, for definite information, and Mr. Lockhart referred the question to the Home Government. Mr. Lyttleton wrote to the Commissioner stating that the Government "do not consider that the British tenure of Wei-hai-wei was affected by the result of the operations in the Far East."

An amusing incident happened the other day at a club which had been hospitably thrown open its doors to two other clubs. A certain well-known officer in the Brigade of Guards was guilty of the offence of smoking in the morning room. As a matter of fact, he was under the impression that it was the smoking-room. A brother officer told him of his mistake. He went up to the only other occupant of the room—an old gentleman dozing in a corner—and apologised for having inadvertently broken one of the rules of the club. The old gentleman replied, without haste, as follows:—"My dear sir, pray do not apologise. In the first place, I am sure you would not have smoked had you known that it was prohibited; in the second, I should be the last person to blame you. If you had done so; in the third, I am not a member of the club; and in the fourth, I have just been smoking myself."

NEWS from South Celebes report progress in Boni where the submitted people have been set to work making roads. There, and in other States overrun, the people are very slow in giving up firearms, the weapons delivered being mostly damaged and out of date. Stern measures are required to bring them to book. Unhappily, the fire and sword system which proved so successful in Achaea raised such a humanitarian outcry in Holland, that the campaign in South Celebes had to be conducted in a mild fashion.

The result is that the enemy have been overcome, but have not been brought under. They show every sign of only fear keeping them quiet, and of bidding their time to be even with the Government.

THE TELEPHONE CABLE.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST S. S. "RUBI."

In summary jurisdiction this morning, before His Honour, Mr. A. G. Wise, Puisne Judge, the China and Japan Electric and Telephone Company, Ltd., sued the China and Manlia Steamship Company, Ltd., for the recovery of the sum of \$1,000, being the amount of damages sustained by the plaintiff company by the breaking of their submarine cable in the harbour, by the defendant company's s.s. *Rubi*.

Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C., instructed by Mr. H. G. C. Bailey, of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master, appeared for the plaintiff company, and Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., instructed by Mr. F. V. Deacon, of Messrs. Deacon, Looker and Deacon, appeared for the defendant company. The following special jury were impanelled: Messrs. Lawrence Gibbs (foreman), T. F. Hough, and C. H. Grace.

Mr. Sharp, in opening the case, said that the actual amount of damages sustained by the plaintiff company was \$1,000; but they had given up \$38.14, in order to bring the claim within the jurisdiction of this Court. Mr. Sharp said that on the 28th August last the s.s. *Rubi* was lying off the Kowloon Dock, and as she was under repairs, her boilers were empty, and, of course, she had no steam up. The typhoon signals were hoisted, and, as is the usual custom in the harbour under such conditions, as soon as the vessels riding at anchor or moored to buoys saw the signals made for safe anchorages, behind Stonecutter's Island, and other places. Notwithstanding the conditions of the weather the *Rubi* sent for the *Robert Cooke*, the most powerful tug of the Dock Company, and had herself towed, not to a safe anchorage, but to her buoy opposite the Hongkong Club. The barometer continued to fall, and the black drum was hoisted, and, at 10 p.m. the typhoon gun was fired. The wind rose steadily, and other vessels continued to move to safe anchorages, and yet the *Rubi*, with empty boiler and no steam up, and therefore helpless, remained where she was instead of signalling for the *Robert Cooke* to take her away, although the latter was standing by with steam up, as usual when a typhoon is blowing about, in case her services might be required at a moment's notice. During that night the work continued on the repairs to the *Rubi*'s starboard boiler, and the next morning, when the black cone and drum were hoisted, with steam only in her starboard boiler, she proceeded in the teeth of the typhoon towards Kowloon Bay, instead of requisitioning the assistance of the *Robert Cooke*, in augmentation of her own steam, as she ought to have done, her condition, empty as she was and therefore high out of the water, rendering her entirely at the mercy of the typhoon force. The *Rubi* then dropped her anchor in what is known as the "Reserved area," through which the cables of the plaintiff company's boats lay until the weather abated, and the barometer began to rise, when she hoisted her anchor again to proceed back to her buoy. It was then found that the anchor had hooked one of the plaintiff company's cables, which it brought up, and that cable was either broken or cut, and freed from the anchor. The breakage was discovered by the plaintiff company later in the day and proved to be about one third of the length from its southern end, and within the Reserved area. The *Rubi*, it was said, lay in two points in seeking safety so late, remaining in her position so long after the other vessels had gone to safe anchorages, and that having to move at last did so with only one boiler in use, without the aid of a steam-tug, having regard to the fact that that was the height of the typhoon season.

Counsel then called evidence for the plaintiff. Mr. W. L. Carter, manager of the China and Japan Electric and Telephone Company, gave evidence as to the discovery of the breakage, and produced some of the strands to show the strain on them, and testified as to the actual cost of the repairs to the damaged cables, showing that the amount paid was considerably more than the amount now claimed.

Mr. F. G. Figg, First Assistant, Hongkong Observatory, testified to the weather prevailing at the time of the occurrence of the breakage of the cable, and the direction of the wind when the *Rubi* was in the harbour.Captain Christie said that he did not consider that in the condition of the *Rubi* on the 28th August she should have gone to her buoy, but to a safe anchorage, as she had no steam up, and it would have been prudent to call a tug and go to a safe anchorage. She took upon herself a great risk, the next day, in going to Kowloon Bay, without a tug. It was very imprudent, and she ought to have had herself towed inside Stonecutter's Island.Her proper course would have been to signal for the *Robert Cooke*, the most powerful tug in the Colony. Against the wind at full speed, the *Rubi* ought to have made ten knots. Cross-examined by Mr. Pollock, witness said with one boiler disabled she would scarcely make more than three knots, certainly not anything like half speed. The case was adjourned till

TELEGRAMS.

[Reuters.]

The Revolution in Russia.

BACK BROKEN.

London, 1st January.

The collapse in Moscow has had an immediate effect in St. Petersburg, where work was resumed yesterday.

The Government is confident that the back of the revolution is broken with the collapse in Moscow.

Strike Suspended.

Later.

The council of workmen in St. Petersburg has decided to suspend the strike, and to organise a general insurrection, and in the meanwhile to initiate a reign of terror.

The Government has responded by a declaration that it will repress preparations for a revolt with the utmost rigour.

Anarchy at Irkutsk.

The St. Petersburg newspapers present a terrible picture of the Siberian railway to Cheliabinsk. All the authorities have disappeared, and the soldiers and sailors have pillaged all the stations; complete anarchy reigns at Irkutsk, and military trains are proceeding without orders from the authorities.

The Russian Government, recognising that the subjugation of the Baltic provinces is a most formidable task, is preparing a winter campaign on a large scale, and troops are already entering Courland, on four sides.

German Diplomatic Appointments in the Far East.

It is announced in Berlin that the German Ministers in Pekin and Tokio will exchange places.

Germany.

Later.

Lieutenant Von Mohle, a nephew of the Commander in the Franco-German war, has been appointed Chief German General of the Staff, in place of General Count de Schlieffen, retired.

SOLDIERS' CLUB FOOTBALL CHALLENGE SHIELD.

The following are the days and hours fixed for the tie of the first round Soldiers' Club Football Challenge Shield:—

Thursday, 4th instant, H.M.S. *Sutlej* v. H.M.S. *Tamar*, Naval Ground, 4.15 p.m.

Friday, 5th instant, R.A. v. H.M.S. *Diadem*, Military Ground, 3.30 p.m.

Saturday, 6th instant, F.E. v. Army Staff, Military Ground, 2.30 p.m.

Saturday, 6th instant, Naval Yard v. 2nd R.W.K. Regt., Military Ground, 4 p.m.

THE CONCLUSION OF PEACE.

SCENE AT THE EXCHANGE OF RATIFICATIONS.

A Washington despatch of November 25th, to Canadian papers, gives the following account of the final scene in connection with the restoration of peace between Russia and Japan:—

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They met in the ante-room of the diplomatic reception room, where they shook hands cordially, and then passed into the offices of the Second Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Ade, to whom they paid their respects, thence going into the diplomatic room. Seated about the long table, Baron Rosen and Mr. Takahira at once set to work signing the protocol of the ratifications in duplicate. While Baron Rosen was signing the Russian and French translations of the Russian ratification, Mr. Takahira was affixing his signature to the Japanese and English copies. Mr. Takahira signed with the pen he used in signing the Treaty at Portsmouth. Baron Rosen used one he found on the table especially placed there by Mr. Ade's messenger. This pen is known as an "Old Glory" pen, the handle being painted red, white and blue. Mr. Takahira preserved his pen; that used by Baron Rosen was left in the diplomatic room. Their work done, Baron Rosen and Mr. Takahira again shook hands and left the Department. The exchange of ratifications was a formality, the treaty having become effective the day it was ratified by the Russian and Japanese Emperors.

THE WEATHER.

The following report is from Mr. F. G. Fife, First Assistant of the Hongkong Observatory:—

On the 3rd at 11.55 a. The barometer has risen over N. China and E. Japan, and fallen over S. China and Formosa.

Pressure remains low to the NE. of Japan, and the high pressure area still lies over China to the North of the Yangtze.

Strong monsoon may be expected in the Formosa Channel and the N. part of the China Sea.

Forecast:—moderate N. winds; fair.

WORK RACE PONIES.

ARRIVAL OF "CRACKS."

When it was learnt that only fifty-two subscription griffins were subscribed for this year people—other than the so-called sportsmen—murmured something about the poor race meeting that was to come, the tightness of money and last, but not the least, that the Colony lacked the sporting enthusiasts that kept the track lively in years gone by.

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THE RISE IN SILVER.

Washington, November 20th.

The promptness with which the Insular Government has met the situation created by the rapid advance in the price of silver has attracted the favourable attention of financiers throughout the world. Uneasiness has been put at rest as a result of the prohibition of the exportation of the silver peso and renewed confidence in the stability of Philippine securities is reflected by the quotations on their issues.

It is believed in Washington that the price of silver will continue to advance not alone because of the increased demand for the metal throughout the world, but because of the relative depreciation of gold occasioned by the immense output in recent years.

J. Selvin Tait, manager of the Washington branch of the International Banking Corporation, fiscal agents for the islands, in commenting upon the move, said last night.

The price of silver to-day is 29.11-16 pence an ounce. This, with exchange at 4.86 1-2, makes an ounce of silver worth 65.810 cents.

When silver is worth 64.1-10 cents an ounce in New York, the intrinsic and face value of the Philippine peso are identical. At the present price of silver it would pay to export the Philippine peso and melt and sell it as bullion. This will explain the prompt action of the Philippine Commission in passing a measure to prohibit the exportation of the silver.

"In my opinion, there are no more prompt and capable men to be found anywhere than those responsible for the conduct of insular affairs, both here and in the Philippines, and they can be relied upon to handle the situation to the best advantage."

"The effect of this action may not be felt in the Philippines alone. It concerns the money market of the world. For instance, Mexico, which has ten times as much silver as the Philippines, practically is on the same basis. A similar demand may, therefore, be made on Mexican money, and the same stringency in the currency of that country may be threatened. Panama is not on the same basis and will not be troubled by any abnormal demand for its coinage. The Philippine dollar contains 416 grains, 9-10 fine, and the Panama dollar contains only 385.8-10 grains, 9-10 fine. The value of the Panama coin would have to go up 4 cents an ounce before the danger of exportation of coin would be great in that country."

NOT GOING INTO ARTS.

"Several causes have been suggested for the appreciating price of silver in the Philippines and the demand for it. It has been suggested

that the excessive use of silver in the fine arts is causing the exportation, and also the moving of troops in Manchuria.

"I do not think there is anything in the fine arts theory. There may be something in the Manchuria suggestion, because there is little currency there. The discussed placing of China among the nations having a silver coinage of their own may have something to do with it also, because of the great demand for silver that would ensue."

"But I think the most potent cause is the extraordinary output of gold, which causes a depreciation in that metal and a corresponding appreciation in the price of silver to rise, but also, the prices of other commodities as well. The balance will be adjusted probably, by the opening up of the old silver mines again, bringing about a vast output of that metal also."

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SEVEN MEN ON A RAFT.

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The White Star steamer *Baltic*, from New York, which arrived at London on October 27, brought a most distressing tale of shipwreck told by the two survivors of the crew of eight persons of the schooner, *Van Name King*, who were picked up by the schooner *S. F. Kelly* after having lived through five days of fearful suffering on a raft. During that time they had witnessed the deaths of their shipmates, some being washed away by the seas, some dying of exposure, and some going mad, and hurling themselves into the sea.

According to the story of the survivors the *Van Name King* on which they had shipped as seaman set out, from Charleston on October 19, with hard pine, bound for New York. She encountered a gale two days later, and within a few hours it had carried away the canvas, flooded the hold, and choked the pumps. The men passed the night

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the bulwarks, and the top of the deck-house. The long night passed, and next morning found the schooner on her beam ends. The crew took refuge on the weather rail, and held on as best they could. The storm increased in fury as night came on again, and one great wave crashed aboard, breaking both legs of a seaman named Arthur, and sweeping another named Grizzell into the sea.

It was apparent that the wreck would soon become untenable, and the half-starved, almost exhausted crew set about fashioning a raft. They took the top of the deck-house, buoyed it with timbers from the cargo, launched it, and, dropping into it, cut the line that held it under the lee quarter, and in another moment were

SWIFT FAR TO LEeward

by the running seas. Seaman Arthur died in the arms of Captain Maxwell that night, and to relieve the overloaded raft his body was dropped into the sea.

The gale continued, and the men held on with enfeebled strength until Sunday, when the storm abated. The day also brought a ray of hope in the shape of a distant sail, but it passed out of sight. The mind of the mate, E. A. Chase, became unknotted as he saw the sail, disappeared, and rising from his cramped position on the raft he flung himself in the sea. The next victim was Captain Maxwell, who on the Monday forenoon became violently insane. He had illusions that his father was coming in a boat to rescue him, and then, as if directing the boat alongside, he

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Beth Thomas and Warner had to be taken in slings, and for two days they were unable to move. The rescue took place off Cape Lookout, in latitude 33.10 and longitude 76.30.

ST. LUCIA.

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which has ten times as much silver as the Philippines, practically is on the same basis. A similar demand may, therefore, be made on Mexican money, and the same stringency in the currency of that country may be threatened. Panama is not on the same basis and will not be troubled by any abnormal demand for its coinage. The Philippine dollar contains 416 grains, 9-10 fine, and the Panama dollar contains only 385.8-10 grains, 9-10 fine.

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As Englishmen we are able to value the remarks for what they are worth and laugh at them, but the native traders will accept them as the serious views of a merchant with whom they are accustomed to do business, and they may do untold harm. Making such statements as—"The Government is always wanting to put its finger into the mercantile pot, and they ought to learn to keep them out," destroys all the value of the speech, and is not method to be applauded. The Hon. W. P. Waddell, Mr. Ewald and Mr. MacArthur all supported the resolution in

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commencing punctually at 5 P.M.

His Excellency the Governor will kindly

take the chair.

The public are invited.

H. E. POLL CK,

Hon. Secretary,

Hongkong Old Volumes Society,

Hongkong, 3rd January, 1906.

To-day's Advertisements.

PUBLIC LECTURE.

MR. OLIVER BAINBRIDGE, F.S.A., F.R.G.S., has kindly consented to deliver a Lecture on "NATIVE LIFE AND CUSTOMS IN SOUTHERN SEAS" at the St. Andrew's Hall, City Hall,

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TELEGRAMS.

[Editor's.]

The Revolution in Russia.

BACK BROKEN.

LONDON, 1st January.

The collapse in Moscow has had an immediate effect in St. Petersburg, where work was resumed yesterday.

The Government is confident that the back of the revolution is broken with the collapse in Moscow.

Strike Suspended.

Later.

The council of workmen in St. Petersburg has decided to suspend the strike, and to organise a general insurrection, and in the meanwhile to initiate a reign of terror.

The Government has responded by a declaration that it will repress preparations for a revolt with the utmost rigour.

ANARCHY AT IRKUTSK.

The St. Petersburg newspapers present a terrible picture of the Siberian railway to Cheliabinsk. All the authorities have disappeared, and the soldiers and sailors have pillaged all the stations; complete anarchy reigns at Irkutsk, and military trains are proceeding without orders from the authorities.

The Russian Government, recognising that the subjugation of the Baltic provinces is a most formidable task, is preparing a winter campaign on a large scale, and troops are already entering Courland on four sides.

German Diplomatic Appointments in the Far East.

It is announced in Berlin that the German Ministers in Pekin and Tokio will exchange places.

Germany.

Later.

Lieutenant Von Moltke, a nephew of the Commander in the Franco-German war, has been appointed Chief German General of the Staff, in place of General Count de Schlesien, retired.

SOLDIERS' CLUB FOOTBALL CHALLENGE SHIELD.

The following are the days and hours fixed for the ties of the first round Soldiers' Club Football Challenge Shield:—

Thursday, 4th instant, H.M.S. *Suffolk* v. H.M.S. *Tamar*, Naval Ground, 4.15 p.m.

Friday, 5th instant, R.A. v. H.M.S. *Diadem*, Military Ground, 3.30 p.m.

Saturday, 6th instant, R.E. v. Army Staff, Military Ground, 2.30 p.m.

Saturday, 6th instant, Naval Yard v. and R.W.K. Regt., Military Ground, 4 p.m.

THE CONCLUSION OF PEACE.

SCENE AT THE EXCHANGE OF RATIFICATIONS.

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The scene in the ante-room of the diplomatic reception room, where they shook hands cordially and then passed into the offices of the Second Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Ade, to whom they paid their respects, thence going into the diplomatic room, seated about the long table, Baron Rosen and Mr. Takahira at once set to work signing the protocol of the ratifications in duplicate. While Baron Rosen was signing the Russian and French translations of the Russian ratification, Mr. Takahira was affixing his signature to the Japanese and English copies. Mr. Takahira signed with the pen he used in signing the Treaty at Portsmouth. Baron Rosen used one found on the table especially placed there by Mr. Ade's messenger. This pen is known as an "Old Glory" pen, the handle being painted red, white and blue. Mr. Takahira preserved his pen; that used by Baron Rosen was left in the diplomatic room. Their work done, Baron Rosen and Mr. Takahira again shook hands and left the Department. The exchange of ratifications was formally, the treaty having become effective the day it was ratified by the Russian and Japanese Emperors.

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Forecast—Moderately high pressure

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ARRIVAL OF "CRACKS."

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It is difficult to do otherwise than hold the opinion that this is essentially a matter on which the community should take a broad view. It is possible the measure, even if amended, may cause some hardship on merchants, though we believe that could be avoided, but the Bill is sound in principle as a good law, and merchants who oppose it cannot be cleared from the charge of selfishness. They look at this Bill entirely from their own point of view. This may be excellent policy in their eyes, but it might be worth remarking that the merchants do not constitute either Singapore or the Colony, and the Empire would not severely suffer if they did not exist. The opponents have run away with the idea that because they are perhaps the best class to offer expert advice on the details of the Bill, they are necessarily the best class to judge of its general effect on the life of the Colony. In this we hold them wrong, and we resolutely support the Hon. G. S. Murray and the Penang Chamber in the idea that the Bill is one of absolutely sound principle which is bound to have a beneficial action on the commercial life of the Colony. In the speeches made yesterday, the Official Assignees became a sort of King Charles' head, the speakers could not get away from the title. The Assignees had, as in duty bound, recorded time after time his opinion that registration would be a good thing, but his opinion in this matter is quite secondary, and we take it has not inspired Government to introduce the Bill.

We repeat the Chamber have from time to time approved the principle of the Bill. Government officials have supported the principle. Penang Chamber of Commerce has declared itself in favour almost unanimously, a large body of public opinion outside the merchants is in favour of it, and of the fifty odd members of the Singapore Chamber nineteen only could be found to vote against it. Can it truly be said that there is in the Colony an opposing public opinion of anything like the same weight as that in favour?

COMMERCIAL.

SHARE LIST.

3.30 p.m. Following are the alterations, notified by Messrs. Benjamin, Kelly and Potts to-day:—

Hongkong Banks \$885 b.

China Traders 67 b.

Two Cents 74. 43

TO DAY'S EXCHANGE.

SELLING.

London—Bank T.T. 2.00

Do, demand 2.11 1/16

Do, 4 months' sight 2.1

France—Bank T.T. 2.57

America—Bank T.T. 49

Germany—Bank T.T. 2.09

India T.T. 1.52

Do, demand 1.53

Shanghai—Bank T.T. 71 1/2 nom.

Singapore T.T. 81 1/2 prem.

Japan—Bank T.T. 99

Java—Bank T.T. 123

Buying.

4 months' sight L.C. 2.1

5 months' sight L.C. 2.1

10 days' sight San Francisco & New York 2.1

4 months' sight 51

50 days' sight Sydney and Melbourne 2.1

5 months' sight France 2.62

6 months' sight 2.64

6 months' sight Germany 2.15

Bar Silver 30 1/1

Shipping—Steamers.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAV. CO., LTD.
JOINT SERVICES.

FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS FOR LONDON AND CONTINENT.
MONTHLY SAILINGS FOR LIVERPOOL.
TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR ALL EUROPEAN,
NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICAN, WEST AUSTRALIAN, JAVA
AND SUMATRA PORTS.

EUROPEAN SERVICE.

FROM	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	" SAINT BEDE "	4th January.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	" ANTENOR "	16th "
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	" OOPACK "	23rd "
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	" NINGCHOW "	24th "
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	" ACHILLES "	30th "
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	" PELEUS "	6th February.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	" ALGINUS "	13th "

OUTWARD.

FROM	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
AMSTERDAM, LONDON & ANTWERP	" IDOMENEUS "	16th January.
GENOA, MARSEILLES & L'POOL	" PAK TING "	20th "
AMSTERDAM, LONDON & ANTWERP	" STENTOR "	30th "
AMSTERDAM, LONDON & ANTWERP	" SAINT BEDE "	1st February.
GENOA, MARSEILLES & L'POOL	" PATROCLUS "	20th "
AMSTERDAM, LONDON & ANTWERP	" ANTENOR "	27th "

Taking cargo for Liverpool at London rates.

TRANS PACIFIC SERVICE.

OPERATING IN CONJUNCTION WITH
THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
AND TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO ALL
OVERLAND COMMON POINTS IN THE UNITED STATES
OF AMERICA AND CANADA.

EASTWARD.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA, and all PACIFIC COAST PORTS, via NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	" PINGSUEY "	24th January.

WESTWARD.

FROM	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
TAOMA, SEATTLE, VICTORIA and PACIFIC COAST	" PINGSUEY "	25th January.

For Freight, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

AGENTS.

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1906.

[3]

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI	" CHANGCHOW "	5th January.
CHEFOO	" SHANSI "	5th "
SHANGHAI	" HANYANG "	5th "
MANILA	" TAMIING "	5th "
YOKOHAMA and KOBE	" TAIYUAN "	10th "
MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNS- VILLE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	" CHINGTU "	16th "

Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.
The Attention of Passengers is directed to the Superior Accommodation offered by these
steamers, which are fitted throughout with Electric Light. Unrivalled table. A daily
qualified Surgeon is carried.

Taking cargo and passengers at through rates for all New Zealand and other Australian
ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

AGENTS.

Hongkong, 3rd January, 1906.

[9]

HONGKONG—MANILA.

Highest Class, newest, fastest and most luxurious Steamers
between Hongkong and Manila.—Saloon amidships—Electric
Light—Perfect Cuisine—Surgeon and Stewardess carried.
All the most up-to-date arrangements for comfort of
Passengers.

CHINA AND MANILA
STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

Steamship.	Tons.	Captain.	For	Sailing Dates.
RUBI	2,540	R. Almond	MANILA	SATURDAY, 6th Jan.
ZAFIRO	2,540	R. Rodger	"	SATURDAY, 13th Jan.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 30th December, 1905.

[7]

HONGKONG—NEW YORK.

AMERICAN ASIATIC
STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR NEW YORK via PORTS AND SUEZ CANAL.
(With Liberty to Call at the Malabar Coast.)

About

For Freight and further information, apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS.

Hongkong, 23rd December, 1905.

[10]

FOR HOTEL COMFORT AND THE BEST BILLIARDS
GO TO THEKOWLOON HOTEL
KOWLOONA large printing office, under the direction of
experienced, well-qualified men, is now
available at Kowloon.For information as to rates and facilities
apply to the Manager.KOWLOON HOTEL
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MESSENGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

STEAM FOR SAIGON,
SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,
COLOMBO, INDIA, ADEN,
DJIBOUTI, EGYPT, MAR-
SEILLES, LONDON,

HAVRE, BORDEAUX, MEDITERRANEAN AND
BLACK SEA PORTS.

The S.S. "ERNEST SIMONS,"
Captain Bourdon, will be despatched for
MARSEILLES on TUESDAY, the 9th
January, at 1 P.M.

This Steamer connects at Colombo with the
Austral line to *Nora* bound for Marseilles
via Bombay and Aden.

Passage tickets and through Bills of Lading
issued for above ports.

Cargo also booked for principal places in
Europe.

Next sailings will be as follows:—

S.S. POLYNESIEN 31st January.
S.S. CALEDONIEN 6th February.
S.S. SAYAZIE 20th February.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

Hongkong, 27th December, 1905.



THE PENINSULAR AND
ORIENTAL
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR
STRAITS, Ceylon, Australia, India,
Aden, Egypt, MEDITERRANEAN
PORTS, PLYMOUTH AND
LONDON.

(Through Bills of Lading issued for BATAVIA,
PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL, AMER-
ICAN and SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.)

THE Steamship

"DELTA,"
Captain C. L. Daniel, carrying His Majesty's
Mails, will be despatched from this for
BOMBAY, on SATURDAY, the 13th
January, 1906, at Noon, taking Passengers and
Cargo for the above Ports in connection with
the Company's S.S. *Himalaya*, 6,698 tons, from
Colombo, Passengers' accommodation in which
vessel is secured before departure from Hong-
kong.

Silk and Valuables, all Cargo for France
and Tea for London (under arrangement) will
be transhipped at Colombo into the Mail
steamers proceeding direct to Marseilles and
London; other Cargo for London, &c., will be
conveyed from Bombay by the R.M.S. *Egypt*,
due in London on the 24th February, 1906.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 4
P.M. the day before sailing. The Contents and
Value of all Packages are required.

For further Particulars, apply to
E. A. HEWETT,
Supervisor,
Hongkong, 30th December, 1905.

COAL IN THE PHILIPPINES.

BEST IN THE ORIENT.

A test of coal from Polillo Island was made
at the government ice plant the other day. The
test began at 8 a.m. one morning and closed at
8 a.m. the following morning. A civil govern-
ment expert, a military government expert and
a scientific expert representing the prospectors
were present. It was a long tour of duty, but
the experts and the representatives of the
government remained throughout the night.

That there was coal in Polillo Island has
been advocated for months past. The official
test proved it legitimate beyond a doubt. Re-
presenting the civil government was Chief
Engineer O'Donovan; of the insular ice plants;
representing the military government was W.
D. N. McChesney, superintendent of the quar-
termaster's shops. In behalf of the company
was Mr. Williams, of the scientific laboratory.
Their official and scientific report will be sub-
mitted to the government as soon as the com-
mission within the next few days.

A resume of the results shows that in twenty-
four hours the ice plant consumed 42,269
pounds of Polillo coal, or a little less than 19
tons, seven tons less than the amount of
Japanese or Australian coal used for the
length of time. There was only five per cent.
of ash, which is seven per cent. less than the
ash from other coals used in the Orient. Mr.
McChesney stated that the "ash" produced
by Polillo coal was without doubt an excellent
blacksmith coal, the grates were coarse and the
coal so combustible that had it been well burn-
ed there would have been much less ash. By
"ash" in this connection is meant the carbon
refuse in still combustible. During the twenty-
four hours the Polillo coal produced only fifty-
four pounds of cinder which is one-eighth less
than the amount found in either Japanese or
Australian coals.

During the twenty-four hours run of
the ice plant it produced seventy-one tons
of ice and sixty-five and one-half tons
of "refrigerating," the largest day's work
done by the plant since the early days of
September. Only one set of boilers was used.
Chief Engineer O'Donovan said that it
was about equal with any coal the plant had
ever used. Tests of dry and wet steam were
made, also tests of the smoke and the effect
the coal would have on the flues and boilers,
but these will not be known definitely until
after a report has been made by the bureau of
science.

The engineer who secured the coal said this
morning that there was coal in Polillo Island
in unlimited quantities, with good harbours
from which to ship the fuel, he having made a
drive into the mountains between seventy and
eighty feet from the outcropping to secure the
coal evened. As he penetrated the mountain
the coal became harder.

The official report from the bureau of
science is awaiting interests by both the
civil and military governments as Mr. Mc-
Chesney, representing the military govern-
ment, stated that he believed the coal in the
best mammals fuel in the Orient—*Merri-
Tours*.

HEALTH IN THE TROPICS.

LECTURE BY FAMOUS LONDON PHYSICIAN.

Dr. Charles F. Harford, Principal of Living-
stone College, London, physician to C. M. S.
and instructor in health, and editor of the Royal
Geographical Society, gave a lecture on the
2nd Nov. last in the Anatomical Theatre at
Cambridge on "Risk to Men" in the Topic
Their relation to Imperial Expansion and
Missionary Enterprise.

The lecturer showed a series of microphoto-
graphs of the various stages of the malari-
tic parasite, and some illustrations of the anopheline,
the means of conveying the parasite to human
beings. He spoke of the remarkable results of
the carrying out of anti-mosquito operations
in Ismailia among the employees of the
Suez Canal Company amounted to 1,500 and
often reached over 3,000, whilst in 1903 the total
number of cases of malaria notified in
Ismailia among the employees of the
Suez Canal Company amounted to 1,500 and
often reached over 3,000, whilst in 1903 the total
number of cases was only 37.

Dr. Harford then showed illustrations of
other tropical parasites, and concluded by
giving a series of illustrations, lent by Sir
Patrick Manson, concerning the means of in-
fection of the disease known in Egypt as Egyp-
tian anæmia. This is conveyed by a minute worm,
which can be taken into the system through
the skin and eventually, after passing through
the blood vessels and the lungs, finds its way
into the stomach. In urging the necessity for
better knowledge, the lecturer advocated the
training of medical men destined for service
abroad, the inclusion of some knowledge
of tropical disease in the ordinary medical
curriculum, the instruction of missionaries
and of others going to tropical climates in at
least the elements of tropical hygiene; and,
eventually, the diffusion of knowledge concerning
the risks to health in the topics among the
educated classes at home. He also pleaded
for the teaching of tropical hygiene in the
elementary schools of our tropical depen-
dencies.

Shipping.

Arrivals.

Vessels	From	Anch.	Time
Arratoon Apac	Br. a.s. 2,931, E. Fey, 2nd Jan.,—Calcutta via Penang and Singapore.	Jan. 1.	10 A.M.
Reigate	Br. a.s. 2,504, F. R. Rose, 2nd Jan.,—from Newcastle, N.S.W., Coal.	Jan. 1.	10 A.M.
Patroclus	Br. a.s. 3,671, E. C. Dickens, 1st Jan.,—Liverpool via Singapore 25th Nov., 1905, Gen. & B. & S.	Jan. 1.	10 A.M.
Otria	Nor. ship 1,109, V. "efances, 24th Dec.,—Fremantle 18th Oct., Sandalwood—S. & Co.	Jan. 1.	10 A.M.
Rose	Br. brg. 822, Wright, 10th Nov.,—West Australia 4th Aug., Sandal Wood—S. & Co.	Jan. 1.	10 A.M.
Simla	Br. 4-masted brg. 2,087, Casson, 13th Dec.,—Cardiff 4th July, Patent Fuel—Naval Yard.	Jan. 1.	10 A.M.

Steamers Expected.

Vessel	From	Anch.	Time
Nippon Maru	Shanghai	N. Y. K.	Jan. 1.
Sumatra	Singapore	P. & O. Co.	Jan. 1.
Taiyuan	Manila	B. & S.	Jan. 1.
Ichia	Singapore	C. & Co.	Jan. 1.
Tumai	Singapore	J. C. J. L.	Jan. 1.
Kutang	Singapore	M. M. & Co.	Jan. 1.
Caledonia	Singapore	O. & O. Co.	Jan. 1.
P. Sigismund	Japan	M. & Co.	Jan. 1.
Emp. of India	Vancouver	C. P. R. Co.	Jan. 1.

DOCK RETURNS.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPoa DOCKS.

Empress of China Kaiyuan Dock
Kaiyung Kaiyung
C. Hardouin Kaiyung
Kwan Tin Kaiyung
Vatshing Kaiyung

SHANGHAI.

28th ult.

PEKIN, COSMOPOLITAN, KUNMING.

Prins Eitel Friedrich, for Europe.
Frithjof, for Swatow.
Kouansi, for Shanghai.
Pyrrhus, for Nagasaki.
Katala, for Newcastle.
Jacob Diederick, for Pakhol.
Onsang, for Calcutta.

Departures.

Jan. 3.

Prins Eitel Friedrich, for Europe.
Frithjof, for Swatow.
Kouansi, for Shanghai.
Pyrrhus, for Nagasaki.
Katala, for Newcastle.
Jacob Diederick, for Pakhol.

Onsang, for Calcutta.

Homeward—30th December—Avala, Bon-
aider, Achilles, Durbighastra, Menelau, Ras
Ista, Poona, Salset, Serbita, Verona, Bantu,
Indrasimha, 3rd January—Scandia, Hyades,
Kobe, Redhill.

Arrivals at Home—30th December—Ban-
venus, Sachem, 1st January—Socotra, 3rd
January—Senegambia.

Post Office.

A Mail will close for:

Haiphong—Per Hongkong, 4th Jan., 9 A.M.
Macao—Per Haikow, 5th Jan., 1:15 P.M.
Shanghai—Per Hainan, 5th Jan., 2 P.M.
Shanghai—Per Changchow, 5th Jan., 3 P.M.
Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama,
Honolulu and San Francisco—Per China, 5th
Jan., 11 A.M.

Macao—Per Haikow, 5th Jan., 1:15 P.M.
Chefoo—Per Shanghai, 5th Jan., 3 P.M.
Shanghai—Per Hainan, 5th Jan., 3 P.M.
Manila—Per Yuensang, 5th Jan., 3 P.M.
Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama,
Honolulu and San Francisco—Per China, 5th
Jan., 11 A.M.

Str. Coulson from Shanghai—Moderate to
fierce monsoon, with dull cloudy weather,
throughout passage.

Str. Hengyang from Shanghai—Strong NE,
monsoon and high seas to Swatow, thence
light Nly winds and overcast.

Str. Indramayo from Singapore—Moderate
monsoon to Parcels Rest, strong Nly gale,
and sea to 20 miles S. of Gap Rock.

Str. Relays from Newcastle—Moderate to
light wind after leaving Australias, and con-
tinued until N. end of Philippines, after strong
NE monsoon to port.

Vessels in Port.

STEAMERS.

Alexander, Am. a.s. 1,785, Gove, 13th, 09.
Cavite 9th Nov., Coal—Order.

Amara, Br. a.s. 1,566, C. J. Matlock, 28th Dec.,
—Calcutta 13th Dec., Coal—J. M. & Co.

Anping Maru, Jap. a.s. 1,052, N. Kovayashi,
1st Jan.,—Shanghai via Porta and Swatow
31st Dec., Gen.—O. S. K.

Borneo, Ger. a.s. 1,344, F. Sembil, 28th Dec.,
—Sandakan 22nd Dec., Timber and Gen.—
M. & Co.

Bourbon, Fr. a.s. 907, Sisco, 25th Dec.,
—Sagoo, Dec.—Wo. Fat.

Cathness, Br. a.s. 2,212, W. Atkinson, 29th
Dec.,—Newcastle, N.S.W. and Dec., Coal—
Order.

Calliope, Br. a.s. 2,408, J. G. Soulby, and
Jan.—Moi 27th Dec., Coal—B. & C.

China, Am. a.s. 3,165, D. K. Fries, 27th Dec.,
—San Francisco 25th Nov., and Manila
25th Dec., Mails and Gen.—P. M. S. S. Co.

Coulson, Br. a.s. 2,712, I. J. Henry, and
Jan.—Shanghai 29th Dec., Gen.—A. K. & Co.

Dr. Hans Jürg Klem, Nov. a.s. 601, H. E.
L. Mees, 19th Dec.—Iloilo 14th Dec.,
Sugar—Agaard & Thomsen Co.

Ellis, Moseley, G. a.s. 1,160, W. M. Ladd,
and Thea, Centra, 20th Dec., Gen.—G. &
G. Co.

Shanghai Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Hon-
olulu and San Francisco—Per Nagasaki, 20th
Jan., 11 A.M.

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Jan., 11 A.M.

Shanghai Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Hon-
olulu and San Francisco—Per Nagasaki, 20th
Jan., 11 A.M.

Intimations

THE HONGKONG FROZEN FOOD SUPPLY

THE DEPOT OPENS AT 6 A.M.

THE following are in Stock:—
1. PRIME AUSTRALIAN BEEF.
MUTTON, LAMB, PORK AND VEAL.
DAIRY FARM FED PORK.Apples, Choice Canadian 0.30 per lb.
Australian Oysters, 21 doz.; bottles \$1.00 per bot." 5 " " 1.00 per
Australian Smoked Mullet 0.50 per lb
" do " Schapper 0.50 " "

Bacon, Best Eng. 0.75 "

Bacon, Best Aust. 0.70 "

" do " Meat Extract, 2 oz 0.70 per pot.

" do " do 4 oz 1.25 "

Capons, Dairy Farm Fed (dressed) 1.05 each.

Chickens " do " do 0.75 "

Chickens' Livers 0.04 "

Chickens' Gizzards 0.04 "

Ducks, Local (dressed) 0.65 "

Ducks, Wild 0.75 "

Geese, Local (dressed) 1.50 "

Hares, Australian 1st Grade 1.40 "

Ham, Best York 0.70 per lb

Ham, Australian, " Pineapple" 0.65 "

" Braised" 0.65 "

(2cts. extra per lb for Ham if cut).

Honey, Best Aust. 0.60 "

Kidneys, Australian Sheep 0.05 each

Oysters, American (large size, in

tins) 1.50 per tin

Partridges, Local 0.75 each

Pigeons, Local 0.25 "

Pigeons, Wild (dressed) 0.20 "

Rabbits, Australian 1st Grade 0.65 "

Rice Birds 1.00 per doz.

Sausages, Australian Frit. 0.60 "

Sausages, Ova Make (of Australian Meats) 0.25 "

Tongues, Australian Sheep 0.20 each

Turkeys, Choice Australian (plucked) 0.70 per lb

SPECIAL NOTE.

Orders required to be filled in the Early Morning should be sent in before 3.30 P.M. the previous day.

Orders for NOON should be sent in by 8.00 A.M. the same day.

Orders for 3.30 P.M. should be sent in by NOON the same day.

Hongkong, 21st December, 1905. [44]

Make your

XMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S

PURCHASE

FROM

A. CHAZALON & CO.,

6, Queen's Road, Central.

Just Received

A Select Assortment of ENGLISH and FRENCH Confectionery from the best makers of London and Paris.

MARRONS GLACÉS
FONDANTS FOURRÉS
PRALINES
DRAGEES
PATES PECTORALES
NOUGAT
PAPILLOTTES
CRYSTALLISED FRUITS
FRENCH CHOCOLATE
CADBURY'S
LOWNEY'S
PETER'S

AT MODERATE PRICES.

ASSORTMENT FRENCH BISCUITS, CHAMPAGNE, PORT WINE, SHERRY, LIQUEURS, BRANDY, WHISKY, &c., from the most renowned Houses in France and other foreign countries.

Hongkong, 11th December, 1905.

[1225—D]

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

OF
LONDON, INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

ESTABLISHED 1815.

	Per Case.
BRANDY * * *	822.50
" "	20.00
" "	16.75
WHISKY, PALL MALL	20.00
JOHN WALKER & SONS' OLD HIGHLAND	12.50
C. P. & CO.'S SPECIAL BLEND	10.50
PORT WINE, INVALIDS	20.00
DOURO	13.75
SHERRY, AMOROSO	20.00
LA TORRE	16.00
BENEDICTINE, D.O.M.	40.50

THE ABOVE EXCLUSIVELY SHIPPED TO

SIEMSSSEN & CO.,

HONGKONG AGENTS.

Hongkong, 1st November, 1905.

[43]

ACHEE & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1859

FURNITURE

DEPOT

GENERAL HOUSEHOLD

FOR

REQUISITES

EASTMAN'S

KODAKS FILMS

AND

ACCESSORIES



SHARE QUOTATIONS

Supplied by Messrs. BANJALIN, KERSEY & FORMAN, Commercial Agents, Hongkong, in accordance with the information given under "Commercial Intelligence" (page 4).

STOCKS	NO. OF SHARES	VALUE	PAID UP.	POSITION AT PER LAST REPORT	AT WORKING ACCOUNT	DATE OF DIVIDEND	PERCENTAGE	NUMBER OF DIVIDENDS	NUMBER OF DIVIDENDS	NUMBER OF DIVIDENDS	NUMBER OF DIVIDENDS
BANKS.											
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	20,000	\$15	\$15	\$1,000,000 \$500,000 \$50,000	\$1,022,725	1st 1/2 exchange 1/1/05-18.66.07					
National Bank of China, Limited	39,923	1.67	1.65	500,000	\$417,688	2nd London 1/10/1905					
MARINE INSURANCE.											
Canton Insurance Office, Limited	10,000	\$250	\$250	\$1,600,000 \$147,800	\$211,340	2nd for 1904	6%				
China Traders' Insurance Company, Limited	24,000	\$35.53	\$25	\$1,600,000 \$169,211	Nil	2nd for year ended 31/12/1904	5%				
North China Insurance Company, Limited	10,000	£15	£5	\$1,600,000 \$160,000	Tls. 302,053	Final of 7/6 making 5% for 1904	5%				
Union Insurance Society of Canton, Limited	70,000	\$250	\$100	\$1,600,000 \$143,451	\$2,339,112	1st for 1904	5%				
Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited	8,000	\$100	\$60	\$1,600,000 \$150,000	\$86,384	\$12 and \$3 special dividend for 1905	6%				
FIRE INSURANCE.											
China Fire Insurance Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$20	\$1,600,000 \$128,000	\$329,047	60 dividend	8%				
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited	8,000	\$250	\$50	\$1,600,000 \$100,505	\$360,372	84 for 1904	11%				
SHIPPING.											
China and Manila Steamship Company, Limited	30,000	\$25	\$25	\$1,600,000 \$201,663	\$88,332	1st for 1904	4%				
Douglas Steamship Company, Limited	20,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,600,000 \$180,000	Nil	2nd for year ended 30/6/1905	4%				
Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd.	70,000	\$15	\$15	\$1,600,000 \$120,000	18,94	31 for first half-year 1905	6%				
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited	60,000	£10	£10	\$1,600,000 \$13,999	£4,431	1st 1/10=85.95.51 for 1904	7%				
Shanghai Tug and Lighter Company, Limited (Preference)	200,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	\$1,600,000 \$100,000	Tls. 43,762	Interim of Tls. 2 for 1905	8%				
" Do "	100,000	£1	£1	\$1,600,000 \$4,110	£58,852	Interim of Tls. 18 for 1905	8%				
" Shell " Transport and Trading Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,600,000 \$10,000	\$329	1/- (Coupon No. 6 for 1915)	4%				
" Star " Ferry Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$5	\$1,600,000 \$12,257	\$329	\$30.00 for year ending 30/12/1905	5%				
Straits Steamship Company, Limited	5,000	£100	£100	\$1,600,000 \$10,153	£1,231	1st for 1904	7%				
Taku Tug and Lighter Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 14.50	Tls. 14.50	\$1,600,000 \$10,400	Tls. 4,333	Interim of Tls. 2 for 1905	6%				
REFINERIES.											
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited	30,000	\$100	\$100	\$1,600,000 \$150,000	\$42,812	Interim of \$10 for 1905	10%				
Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited	7,000	\$100	\$100	\$1,600,000 \$10,000	\$85,087	\$1 for 1897	5%				
Perak Sugar Cultivation Company, Limited	7,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	\$1,600,000 \$10,000	Tls. 3,723	Tls. 24 for year ending 30/6/1904	5%				
MINING.											
Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Ltd.	1,000,000	£1	£1	\$1,600,000 \$16,001	£13,355	Final of 1/- (No. 5) ...					
Oriental Consolidated Mining Company, Limited	500,000	G \$10	G \$10	\$1,600,000 \$18,10	G 367,091	Final of 50 cents making G \$1 for 1905					
Faub Australian Gold Mining Company, Limited	50,000	£1	£1	\$1,600,000 \$14,873	Dr. 1,6745	No. 12 of 1/-=40 cents					
DOCKS, WHARVES & GODOWNS.											
Farnham, (S. C.) Boyd & Co., Limited	55,200	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,600,000 \$70,000	Tls. 3						